

The new set of Articles of Association are adopted by the Company vide Special Resolution passed at the 39th Annual General Meeting held on 27th September, 2023.

THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013*
(COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES)
ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION
OF
SAVANI FINANCIALS LIMITED
(INCORPORATED UNDER THE COMPANIES ACT, 1956)

Interpretation

1. In these Articles-
 - (a) “Act” means the Companies Act, 2013 or any statutory modification or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force and if the context so requires may also include the Companies Act, 1956.
 - (b) “Articles” means these articles of association of the Company or as altered from time to time.
 - (c) “Board of Directors” or “Board” means collective body of Directors of the Company,
 - (d) “Beneficial Owner” shall mean the beneficial owners defined in clause (a) of sub-section (I) of section 2 of Depositories Act, 1996.
 - (e) “Company” means **Savani Financials Limited** or any other name as reflected on the latest Certificate of Incorporation issued by the Registrar of Companies.
 - (f) “Depositories Act” means the Depositories Act, 1996 and includes any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force.
 - (g) “Depository” means a Depository as defined under clause (e) of sub section (I) of section 2 of the Depositories Act 1996.
 - (h) “Rules” means the applicable rules for the time being in force as prescribed under relevant sections of the Act.
 - (i) “Seal” means the common seal to be kept by the Company, if so decided by the Board of Directors.
 - (j) “Secretary” means any person appointed to perform the duties which may be performed by a secretary under the Act and any other purely ministerial or administrative duties and includes any person appointed to perform the duties of a secretary temporarily.
 - (k) “The Office” means the Registered Office for the time being of the Company.
2. Words importing the singular number shall include the plural number and words importing the masculine gender shall, where the context admits, include the feminine and neuter gender.
3. Unless the context otherwise requires, words or expressions contained in these regulations shall bear the same meaning as in the Act and Rules made thereunder and any statutory modification thereof in force at the date at which these regulations become binding on the Company.

Table ‘F’ not to apply

4. The regulations contained in the Table marked ‘F’ in Schedule I to the Companies Act, 2013 shall not apply to the Company, except in so far as the same are repeated, contained or expressly made applicable in these Articles or by the said Act.

General Power

5. Wherever in the Companies Act, 2013 or Rules made thereunder, it has been provided that the Company shall have any right, privilege or authority or that Company cannot carry out any transaction unless the Company is so authorised by its Articles, then in that case, Articles hereby authorise and empower the Company to have such rights, privileges or Authority and to carry out such transaction as have been permitted by the Act.

SHARE CAPITAL AND VARIATION OF RIGHTS

Amount of Capital

6. The Authorised Share Capital of the Company shall be as per Clause V of the Memorandum of Association of the Company, with such rights, privileges and conditions attaching thereto as may be determined by the Company, with power to increase and reduce the capital of the Company and to divide the shares in the capital for the time being into several classes and to attach thereto respectively, subject to the provisions of the Act, such preferential, deferred, qualified or special rights, privileges or conditions as may be determined by or in accordance with the regulations of the Company and to vary, modify or abrogate any such rights, privileges or conditions in such manner as may for the time being be provided by the regulations of the Company.

Shares under control of Board

7. Subject to the provisions of the Act and these Articles, the shares in the capital of the Company shall be under the control of the Directors who may issue, allot or otherwise dispose of the same or any of them to such persons, in such proportion and on such terms and conditions and either at a premium or at par and at such time as they may from time to time think fit.

Directors may allot shares for consideration other than cash

8. The Board may issue and allot shares in the Capital of the Company as payment or part payment for any property sold or transferred, goods or machinery supplied or for service rendered to the Company in or about the conduct of the Company's business and shares to be allotted may be issued as fully paid-up shares and if so issued, shall be deemed to be fully paid-up shares.

Kinds of Share Capital

9. The Company may issue the following kinds of shares in accordance with these Articles, the Act, the Rules and other applicable laws:
 - (a) Equity Share Capital:
 - (i) with voting rights; and / or
 - (ii) with differential rights as to dividend, voting or otherwise in accordance with the Rules; and
 - (b) Preference Share Capital

Issue of Certificate

10. (i) Every person whose name is entered as a member in the register of members shall be entitled to receive within two months after allotment or within one month after the application for the registration of transfer or transmission or within such other period as the conditions of issue shall be provided, —
 - (a) one certificate for all his shares without payment of any charges; or
 - (b) several certificates, each for one or more of his shares, upon payment of such charges as may be fixed by the Board for each certificate after the first.

Certificate to bear seal

- (ii) Every certificate shall be under the seal, if any, and shall specify the shares to which it relates and the amount paid-up thereon.

One certificate for shares held jointly

- (iii) In respect of any share or shares held jointly by several persons, the Company shall not be bound to issue more than one certificate and delivery of a certificate for a share to one of several joint holders shall be sufficient delivery to all such holders.

Issue of new certificate in place of one defaced, lost or destroyed

11. (i) If any share certificate be worn out, defaced, mutilated or torn or if there be no further space on the back for endorsement of transfer, then upon production and surrender thereof to the Company, a new certificate may be issued in lieu thereof, and if any certificate is lost or destroyed then upon proof thereof to the satisfaction of the Company and on execution of such indemnity as the Company deem adequate, a new certificate in lieu thereof shall be given. Every certificate under this Article shall be issued on payment of fees for each certificate as may be fixed by the Board.

Provisions as to issue of certificates to apply mutatis mutandis to debentures, etc.

(ii) Unless otherwise repugnant to the context, the provisions of this Articles of Association pertaining to shares shall mutatis mutandis apply to debentures and other securities of the Company.

Trust not to be recognized

12. Except as required by law, no person shall be recognized by the Company as holding any share upon any trust, and the Company shall not be bound by or be compelled in any way to recognize (even when having notice thereof) any equitable, contingent, future or partial interest in any share or any interest in any fractional part of a share or (except only as by these regulations or by law otherwise provided) any other rights in respect of any share except an absolute right to the entirety thereof in the registered holder.

Option to receive share certificate or hold shares with depository

13. A person subscribing to shares offered by the Company shall have the option either to receive certificates for such shares or hold the shares in a dematerialised state with a depository. Where a person opts to hold any share with the depository, the Company shall intimate such depository the details of allotment of the share to enable the depository to enter in its records the name of such person as the beneficial owner of that share.

Power to pay Commission in connection with securities issued

14. (i) The Company may exercise the powers of paying commissions conferred by the Act, provided that the rate per cent or the amount of the commission paid or agreed to be paid shall be disclosed in the manner required by that section and rules made there under.

Rate of commission in accordance with Rules

(ii) The rate or amount of the commission shall not exceed the rate or amount prescribed in rules made under the relevant provisions of the Act.

Mode of payment of commission

(iii) The commission may be satisfied by the payment of cash or the allotment of fully or partly paid shares or partly in the one way and partly in the other.

Brokerage

(iv) The Company may on any issue of securities pay such brokerage as may be reasonable and lawful.

Variation of Members' rights

15. (i) If at any time the share capital is divided into different classes of shares, the rights attached to any class (unless otherwise provided by the terms of issue of the shares of that class) may, subject to the provisions of the Act, and whether or not the Company is being wound up, be varied after complying with the requisite procedures.

Provisions as to general meetings to apply mutatis mutandis to each meeting

(ii) To every such separate meeting, the provisions of these regulations relating to general meetings shall mutatis mutandis apply, but so that the necessary quorum shall be at least two persons holding at least one-third of the issued shares of the class in question.

Issue of further shares not to affect rights of existing members

16. The rights conferred upon the holders of the shares of any class issued with preferred or other rights shall not, unless otherwise expressly provided by the terms of issue of the shares of that class, be deemed to be varied by the creation or issue of further shares ranking pari passu therewith.

Power to Issue Redeemable Preference Shares

17. Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Board shall have the power to issue or re-issue preference shares of one or more classes which are liable to be redeemed or converted to equity shares, on such terms and conditions and in such manner as determined by the Board in accordance with the Act.

Further issue of Share Capital

18. (i) The Board or the Company, as the case may be, may, in accordance with the Act and the Rules, issue further shares to -

- (a) persons who, at the date of offer, are holders of equity shares of the Company; such offer shall be deemed to include a right exercisable by the person concerned to renounce the shares offered to him or any of them in favour of any other person; or
- (b) employees under any scheme of employees' stock option; or
- (c) any persons, whether or not those persons include the persons referred to in clause (a) or clause (b) above.

Mode of further issue of Shares

(ii) A further issue of shares may be made in any manner whatsoever as the Board may determine including by way of preferential offer or private placement, subject to and in accordance with the Act and the Rules.

Issue of warrants or other instruments

19. Subject to the applicable statutory provisions, rules, regulations and guidelines and necessary approvals, the Company shall have power to issue warrant or other instrument, whether independent or attached with some other instrument or detachable and whether bearing any face value or not and with or without any right or entitlement or option to subscribe to or exchange with the equity shares or any kind of securities or not. The terms and conditions of such warrant or instrument may be decided by either under any applicable statutory provisions, rules, regulations, guidelines or by a special resolution of the members of the Company passed at a general meeting authorizing issue of such warrant or instrument or by the Board of Directors of the Company.

Beneficial owner of shares will be absolute owner

20. Save as herein otherwise provided, the Company shall be entitled to treat the person whose name appears as the beneficial owner of the shares in the record of Depository as the absolute owner thereof as regards receipt of dividends or bonus or service of notices and all or any other matters connected with the Company and accordingly the Company shall not (except as ordered by a court of competent jurisdiction or as by law required) be bound to recognise any benami, trust, or equity or equitable, contingent or other claim to or interest in such share(s) on the part of any other person(s), whether or not it shall have express or implied notice thereof.

Dematerialization of Shares

21. Notwithstanding anything contained in these Articles, the Company shall be entitled in accordance with the provisions of the Depositories Act, 1996, to dematerialise any or all of its shares, debentures and other marketable securities and to offer the same for subscription in dematerialized form and on the same being done, the Company shall further be entitled to maintain a Register of Members with the details of Members holding shares both in material and dematerialized form in any media as permitted by law including any form of electronic media, either In respect of the existing shares or any future issue.

LIEN

Company's lien on shares

22. (i) The Company shall have a first and paramount lien-
- (a) on every share (not being a fully paid share), for all monies (whether presently payable or not) called, or payable at a fixed time, in respect of that share; and
 - (b) on all shares (not being fully paid shares) standing registered in the name of a single person, for all monies presently payable by him or his estate to the Company:

Provided that the Board of directors may at any time declare any share to be wholly or in part exempt from the provisions of this clause.

Lien to extend to dividends, etc.

(ii) The Company's lien, if any, on a share shall extend to all dividends payable and bonuses declared from time to time in respect of such shares.

As to enforcing lien by sale

23. The Company may sell, in such manner as the Board thinks fit, any shares on which the Company has a lien:

Provided that no sale shall be made—

- (a) unless a sum in respect of which the lien exists is presently payable; or
- (b) until the expiration of fourteen days after a notice in writing stating and demanding payment of such part of the amount in respect of which the lien exists as is presently payable, has been given to the registered holder for the time being of the share or the person entitled thereto by reason of his death or insolvency.

Validity of Sale

24. (i) To give effect to any such sale, the Board may authorize some person to transfer the shares sold to the purchaser thereof.

Purchaser to be registered holder

- (ii) The purchaser shall be registered as the holder of the shares comprised in any such transfer.

Validity of Company's receipt

- (iii) The receipt of the Company for the consideration (if any) given for the share on the sale thereof shall (subject, if necessary, to execution of an instrument of transfer or a transfer by relevant system, as the case may be) constitute a good title to the share and the purchaser shall be registered as the holder of the share.

Purchaser not affected

- (iv) The purchaser shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money, nor shall his title to the shares be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings in reference to the sale.

Application of proceeds of sale

25. (i) The proceeds of the sale shall be received by the Company and applied in payment of such part of the amount in respect of which the lien exists as is presently payable.

Payment of residual money

- (ii) The residue, if any, shall, subject to a like lien for sums not presently payable as existed upon the shares before the sale, be paid to the person entitled to the shares at the date of the sale.

Outsider's lien not to affect Company's lien

26. (i) In exercising its lien, the Company shall be entitled to treat the registered holder of any share as the absolute owner thereof and accordingly shall not (except as ordered by a court of competent jurisdiction or unless required by any statute) be bound to recognize any equitable or other claim to or interest in, such share on the part of any other person, whether a creditor of the registered holder or otherwise. The Company's lien shall prevail notwithstanding that it has received notice of any such claim.

Provisions as to lien apply mutatis mutandis to debentures, etc.

- (ii) The provisions of this Articles relating to lien shall mutatis mutandis apply to any other securities including debentures of the Company.

CALLS ON SHARES

Board may make calls

27. (i) The Board may, from time to time, make calls upon the members in respect of any monies unpaid on their shares (whether on account of the nominal value of the shares or by way of premium) and not by the conditions of allotment thereof made payable at fixed times.

Notice of call

- (ii) Each member shall, subject to receiving at least fourteen days' notice specifying the time or times and place of payment, pay to the Company, at the time or times and place so specified, the amount called on his shares.

Revocation or postponement of call

- (iii) A call may be revoked or postponed at the discretion of the Board.

Board may extend time for payment

(iv) The Board may, from time to time, at its discretion, extend the time fixed for the payment of any call-in respect of one or more members as the Board may deem appropriate in any circumstances.

Call to take effect from date of resolution

28. A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution of the Board authorizing the call was passed and may be required to be paid by installments.

Liability of joint holders of shares

29. The joint holders of a share shall be jointly and severally liable to pay all calls in respect thereof. **When interest on call or installment payable**

30. (i) If a sum called in respect of a share is not paid before or on the day appointed for payment thereof, the person from whom the sum is due shall pay interest thereon from the day appointed for payment thereof to the time of actual payment at such rate as may be fixed by the Board.

Board may waive interest

(ii) The Board shall be at liberty to waive payment of any such interest wholly or in part.

Sums deemed to be calls

31. (i) Any sum which by the terms of issue of a share becomes payable on allotment or at any fixed date, whether on account of the nominal value of the share or by way of premium, shall, for the purposes of these Articles, be deemed to be a call duly made and payable on the date on which by the terms of issue of such sum becomes payable.

Effect of non-payment of sums

(ii) In case of non-payment of such sum, all the relevant provisions of these Articles as to payment of interest and expenses, forfeiture or otherwise shall apply as if such sum had become payable by virtue of a call duly made and notified.

Payment in anticipation of calls may carry interest

32. The Board—

(a) may, if it thinks fit, receive from any member willing to advance the same, all or any part of the monies uncalled and unpaid upon any shares held by him; and

(b) upon all or any of the monies so advanced, may (until the same would, but for such advance, become presently payable) pay interest at such rate as may be decided by the Board and as may be agreed upon between the Board and the member paying the sum in advance. Provided that such calls in advance shall not confer any additional dividend or additional voting right upon such member.

Installments on shares to be duly paid

33. If by the conditions of allotment of any shares, the whole or part of the amount of issue price thereof shall be payable by installments, then every such installment shall, when due, be paid to the Company by the person who, for the time being and from time to time, is or shall be the registered holder of the share or the legal representative of a deceased registered holder.

Calls on shares of same class to be on uniform basis

34. All calls shall be made on a uniform basis on all shares falling under the same class. Explanation: Shares of the same nominal value on which different amounts have been paid- up shall not be deemed to fall under the same class.

Partial payment not to preclude forfeiture

35. Neither a judgment nor a decree in favour of the Company for calls or other moneys due in respect of any shares nor any part payment or satisfaction thereof nor the receipt by the Company of a portion of any money which shall from time to time be due from any member in respect of any shares either by way of principal or interest nor any indulgence granted by the Company in respect of payment of any such money shall preclude the forfeiture of such shares as herein provided.

Evidence in action for call

36. On the trial or hearing of any action for the recovery of any amount due for any call it shall be sufficient to prove that the name of the member sued is entered in the Register as the holder or one of the holders of the shares in respect of which such debt accrued; that the resolution making a call is duly recorded in the minute book; and that notice of such call was duly given to the member sued in pursuance of these presents; and it shall not be necessary to prove the appointment of the directors who made such call nor any other matter whatsoever but the proof of the matter as aforesaid shall be conclusive evidence of the debt.

Provisions as to calls to apply mutatis mutandis to debentures, etc.

37. The provisions of these Articles relating to calls shall mutatis mutandis apply to any other securities including debentures of the Company.

TRANSFER OF SHARES

Instrument of transfer to be executed by transferor and transferee

38. (i) The instrument of transfer of any share in the Company shall be executed by or on behalf of both the transferor and transferee.
- (ii) The transferor shall be deemed to remain a holder of the share until the name of the transferee is entered in the register of members in respect thereof.

Board may refuse to register transfer

39. The Board may, subject to the right of appeal conferred by the Act decline to register—
- (a) the transfer of a share, not being a fully paid share, to a person of whom they do not approve; or
 - (b) any transfer of shares on which the Company has a lien.
 - (c) any transfer of shares on sufficient cause.

Board may decline to recognize instrument of transfer

40. In case of shares held in physical form, the Board may decline to recognize any instrument of transfer unless—
- (a) the instrument of transfer is in the form as prescribed in rules made under the Act;
 - (b) the instrument of transfer is accompanied by the certificate of the shares to which it relates, and such other evidence as the Board may reasonably require to show the right of the transferor to make the transfer; and
 - (c) the instrument of transfer is in respect of only one class of shares.

Transfer of Share Suspended

41. On giving not less than seven days' previous notice in accordance with the Act and rules made there under, the registration of transfers may be suspended at such times and for such periods as the Board may from time to time determine: Provided that such registration shall not be suspended for more than thirty days at any one time or for more than forty-five days in the aggregate in any year.

Refusal Odd Lots

42. Without in any way derogating from the powers conferred on the Board by Article 39 and 40, the Board shall be entitled to refuse an application for transfer of shares less than the market trading unit of shares of the Company subject, however, to the following exceptions.
- i) transfer of shares made in pursuance of any provision of law or statutory regulation or order, or an order of a competent Court of Law, or
 - ii) transfer of the entire holding of shares by a shareholder holding less than the market trading unit of the Company's Shares by a single transfer to a single or joint names, or
 - iii) transfer of share

- a) by a transferor whose shareholding after the transfer will result in his holding the market trading unit of the Company's shares or a multiple of such unit or
- b) to one or more transferees, whose shareholding after the transfer (in case of transfer from more than one transferor all transfers being presented to the Company for approval simultaneously) together with the shares already held by him will result in a holding of the market trading unit of the Company's shares or a multiple of such unit, or
- iv) transmission of shares under a will, and
- v) transfer of shares of less than the market trading unit held by a shareholder, where the Board/Committee of Directors may at its discretion and in exceptional circumstances or in cases of genuine hardship or for any other just and sufficient cause (the decision of the Board/ Committee being final and conclusive) accept such application.

Power to refuse sub-division and/or consolidation

43. Notwithstanding anything contained hereinabove, the Directors/Committee of Transfer of the Company, may in their absolute discretion refuse sub-division and/or consolidation of Share Certificates or Debenture Certificates into denominations of less or more than marketable lots except where such sub-division and/or consolidation is required to be made to comply with a statutory provision or an order of a competent court of law.

The Company not liable for disregard of notice prohibiting registration of transfer

44. The Company shall incur no liability or responsibility whatever in consequence of its registering or giving effect to any transfer of shares made or purporting to be made by any apparent legal owner thereof (as shown or appearing in the Register of Members) to the prejudice of persons having or claiming any equitable right, title or interest to or in the said shares, notwithstanding that the Company may have notice of such equitable right, title or interest or notice prohibiting registration of such transfer and, may have entered such notice, or referred thereto, in any book of the Company, and the Company shall not be bound or required to regard or attend or give effect to any notice which may be given to it or any equitable right title or interest, or be under any liability whatsoever for refusing or neglecting so to do, though it may have been entered or referred to in some book of the Company, but the Company shall nevertheless, be at liberty to regard and attend to any such notice and give effect thereto if the Board of Directors shall so think fit.

Custody of Transfer documents

45. The instrument of transfer shall after, registration be retained by the Company and shall remain in its custody. All the instruments of transfer which the directors may decline to register shall on demand be returned to the person depositing the same. The directors may cause to be destroyed all transfer deeds lying with the Company after such period as they may determine.

Provisions to apply to debentures

46. The provisions of these Articles for transfer and transmission of shares, shall mutatis mutandis apply to the transfer of any debentures of the Company.

TRANSMISSION OF SHARES

Title to shares on death of a member

47. (i) The executors or administrators of a deceased member or a holder of a Succession Certificate or other legal representation in respect of shares of a deceased member, where he was a sole or only surviving holder, shall be the only person whom the Company will be bound to recognise as having any title to the shares registered in the name of such member and the Company shall not be bound to recognise such executors, administrators or holders unless such executors or administrators shall have first obtained Probate or Letter of Administration or such holder is the holder of a Succession Certificate or other legal representation, as the case may be, from a duly constituted Court in India, provided that In any case where the directors in their absolute discretion think fit, the directors may dispense with production of Probate or Letters of Administration or Succession Certificate or other legal representation, and, under the next Article, register the name of any person, who claims to be absolutely entitled to the shares standing in the name of a deceased member, as a member.

Estate of deceased member liable

(ii) Nothing in clause (i) shall release the estate of a deceased joint holder from any liability in respect of any share which had been jointly held by him with other persons.

Transmission Clause

48. (i) Any person becoming entitled to a share in consequence of the death or insolvency of a member may, upon such evidence being produced as may from time to time properly be required by the Board and subject as hereinafter provided, elect, either—

(a) to be registered himself as holder of the share; or

(b) to make such transfer of the share as the deceased or insolvent member could have made

Board's right unaffected

(ii) The Board shall, in either case, have the same right to decline or suspend registration as it would have had, if the deceased or insolvent member had transferred the share before his death or insolvency.

Indemnity to the Company

(iii) The Company shall be fully indemnified by such person from all liability, if any, by actions taken by the Board to give effect to such registration or transfer.

Board may require evidence of transmission

49. Every transmission of a share shall be verified in such manner as the directors may require and the Company may refuse to register any transmission until the same be so verified or until or unless an indemnity be given to the Company with regard to such registration which the directors at their discretion shall consider sufficient, provided nevertheless that there shall not be any obligation on the Company or the directors to accept any indemnity.

Right to election of holder of share

50. (i) If the person so becoming entitled shall elect to be registered as holder of the share himself, he shall deliver or send to the Company a notice in writing signed by him stating that he so elects.

Manner of testifying election

(ii) If the person aforesaid shall elect to transfer the share, he shall testify his election by executing a transfer of the share.

Limitations applicable to notice

(iii) All the limitations, restrictions and provisions of these regulations relating to the right to transfer and the registration of transfers of shares shall be applicable to any such notice or transfer as aforesaid as if the death or insolvency of the member had not occurred and the notice or transfer were a transfer signed by that member.

Claimant to be entitled to same advantage

51. A person becoming entitled to a share by reason of the death or insolvency of the holder shall be entitled to the same dividends and other advantages to which he would be entitled if he were the registered holder of the share, except that he shall not, before being registered as a member in respect of the share, be entitled in respect of it to exercise any right conferred by membership in relation to meetings of the Company. Provided that the Board may, at any time, give notice requiring any such person to elect either to be registered himself or to transfer the share, and if the notice is not complied with within ninety days, the Board may thereafter withhold payment of all dividends, bonuses or other monies payable in respect of the share, until the requirements of the notice have been complied with.

Provisions as to transmission to apply mutatis mutandis to debentures, etc.

52. The provisions of these Articles relating to transmission by operation of law shall mutatis mutandis apply to any other securities including debentures of the Company.

FORFEITURE OF SHARES

If call or installment not paid notice must be given

53. If a member fails to pay any call, or installment of a call, on the day appointed for payment thereof, the Board may, at any time thereafter during such time as any part of the call or installment remains unpaid, serve a notice on him requiring payment of so much of the call or installment as is unpaid, together with any interest which may have accrued and all expenses that may have been incurred by the Company by reason of non-payment.

Form of Notice

54. The notice aforesaid shall—
- (a) name a further day (not being earlier than the expiry of fourteen days from the date of service of the notice) on or before which the payment required by the notice is to be made; and
 - (b) state that, in the event of non-payment on or before the day so named, the shares in respect of which the call was made shall be liable to be forfeited.

In default of payment shares to be forfeited

55. If the requirements of any such notice as aforesaid are not complied with, any share in respect of which the notice has been given may, at any time thereafter, before the payment required by the notice has been made, be forfeited by a resolution of the Board to that effect.

Receipt of part amount or grant of indulgence not to affect forfeiture

56. Neither the receipt by the Company for a portion of any money which may from time to time be due from any member in respect of his shares, nor any indulgence that may be granted by the Company in respect of payment of any such money, shall preclude the Company from thereafter proceeding to enforce a forfeiture in respect of such shares as herein provided. Such forfeiture shall include all dividends declared or any other moneys payable in respect of the forfeited shares and not actually paid before the forfeiture.

Entry of forfeiture in register of members

57. When any share shall have been so forfeited, notice of the forfeiture shall be given to the defaulting member and an entry of the forfeiture with the date thereof, shall forthwith be made in the register of members but no forfeiture shall be invalidated by any omission or neglect or any failure to give such notice or make such entry as aforesaid.

Extinction of Interest and Claim against the Company upon forfeiture

58. The forfeiture of a share shall involve extinction at the time of forfeiture of all interest in and all claims and demands against the Company, in respect of the share and all other rights incidental to the share.

Forfeited shares may be sold, etc.

59. (i) A forfeited share shall be deemed to be the property of the Company and may be sold or re-allotted or otherwise disposed of either to the person who was before such forfeiture the holder thereof or entitled thereto or to any other person on such terms and in such manner as the Board thinks fit.

Cancellation of forfeiture

- (ii) At any time before a sale or disposal as aforesaid, the Board may cancel the forfeiture on such terms as it thinks fit.

Cessation of membership and other effects of forfeiture

60. (i) A person whose shares have been forfeited shall cease to be a member in respect of the forfeited shares, but shall, notwithstanding the forfeiture, remain liable to pay to the Company all monies which, at the date of forfeiture, were presently payable by him to the Company in respect of the shares.

Member still liable to pay money owing at time of forfeiture and interest

- (ii) All such monies payable shall be paid together with interest thereon at such rate as the Board may determine, from the time of forfeiture until payment or realisation. The Board may, if it thinks fit, but without being under any obligation to do so, enforce the payment of the whole or any portion of the monies due, without any allowance for the value of the shares at the time of forfeiture or waive payment in whole or in part.

Cesser of liability

(iii) The liability of such person shall cease, if and when the Company shall have received payment in full of all such monies in respect of the shares.

Certificate of forfeiture

61. (i) A duly verified declaration in writing that the declarant is a director, the manager or the secretary of the Company and that a share in the Company has been duly forfeited on a date stated in the declaration, shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated as against all persons claiming to be entitled to the share;

Title of purchaser and transferee of forfeited shares

(ii) The Company may receive the consideration, if any, given for the share on any sale or disposal thereof and may execute a transfer of the share in favour of the person to whom the share is sold or disposed of;

Transferee to be registered as holder

(iii) The transferee shall thereupon be registered as the holder of the share; and

Transferee not affected

(iv) The transferee shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money, if any, nor shall his title to the share be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings in reference to the forfeiture, sale or disposal of the share.

Validity of sales

62. Upon any sale after forfeiture or for enforcing a lien in exercise of the powers hereinabove given, the Board may, if necessary, appoint some person to execute an instrument for transfer of the shares sold and cause the purchaser's name to be entered in the register of members in respect of the shares sold and after his name has been entered in the register of members in respect of such shares the validity of the sale shall not be impeached by any person.

Cancellation of share certificate in respect of forfeited shares

63. Upon any sale, re-allotment or other disposal under the provisions of the preceding Articles, the certificate(s), if any, originally issued in respect of the relative shares shall (unless the same shall on demand by the Company has been previously surrendered to it by the defaulting member) stand cancelled and become null and void and be of no effect, and the Board shall be entitled to issue a duplicate certificate(s) in respect of the said shares to the person(s) entitled thereto.

Surrender of shares

64. The Board may, subject to the provisions of the Act, accept a surrender of any share from or by any member desirous of surrendering them on such terms as they think fit.

Sums deemed to be calls

65. The provisions of these regulations as to forfeiture shall apply in the case of nonpayment of any sum which, by the terms of issue of a share, becomes payable at a fixed time, whether on account of the nominal value of the share or by way of premium, as if the same had been payable by virtue of a call duly made and notified.

Provisions as to forfeiture of shares to apply mutatis mutandis to debentures, etc.

66. The provisions of these Articles relating to forfeiture of shares shall mutatis mutandis apply to any other securities including debentures of the Company

ALTERATION OF CAPITAL**Power to alter share capital**

67. Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Company may, by ordinary resolution, —

(a) increase its authorized share capital by such amount as its things expedient;

- (b) consolidate and divide all or any of its share capital into shares of larger amount than its existing shares;
- (c) convert all or any of its fully paid-up shares into stock, and reconvert that stock into fully paid-up shares of any denomination;
- (d) sub-divide its existing shares or any of them into shares of smaller amount than is fixed by the memorandum;
- (e) cancel any shares which, at the date of the passing of the resolution, have not been taken or agreed to be taken by any person.

Shares may be converted into stock

68. Where shares are converted into stock, —

(a) the holders of stock may transfer the same or any part thereof in the same manner as, and subject to the same Articles under which, the shares from which the stock arose might before the conversion have been transferred, or as near thereto as circumstances admit:

Provided that the Board may, from time to time, fix the minimum amount of stock transferable, so, however, that such minimum shall not exceed the nominal amount of the shares from which the stock arose.

Right of Stockholders

(b) the holders of stock shall, according to the amount of stock held by them, have the same rights, privileges and advantages as regards dividends, voting at meetings of the Company, and other matters, as if they held the shares from which the stock arose; but no such privilege or advantage (except participation in the dividends and profits of the Company and in the assets on winding up) shall be conferred by an amount of stock which would not, if existing in shares, have conferred that privilege or advantage.

(c) such of these Articles of the Company as are applicable to paid-up shares shall apply to stock and the words “share” and “shareholder” in those regulations shall include “stock” and “stock-holder” respectively.

Reduction of capital

69. The Company may, by resolution prescribed in the Act, reduce, in any manner, with and subject to, any incident authorized and consent required by law—

- (a) its share capital;
- (b) any capital redemption reserve account; or
- (c) any securities premium account.
- (d) any other reserve in the nature of share capital

JOINT HOLDERS

Joint Holders

70. Where two or more persons are registered as joint holders (not more than three) of any share, they shall be deemed (so far as the Company is concerned) to hold the same as joint tenants with benefits of survivorship, subject to the following and other provisions contained in these Articles:

Liability of Joint-holders

(a) The joint-holders of any share shall be liable severally as well as jointly for and in respect of all calls or installments and other payments which ought to be made in respect of such share.

Death of one or more joint- holders

(b) On the death of any one or more of such joint- holders, the survivor or survivors shall be the only person or persons recognized by the Company as having any title to the share but the Directors may require such evidence of death as they may deem fit, and nothing herein contained shall be taken to release the estate of a deceased joint-holder from any liability on shares held by him jointly with any other person.

Receipt of one sufficient

(c) Any one of such joint holders may give effectual receipts of any dividends, interests or other moneys payable in respect of such share.

Delivery of certificate and giving of notice to first named holder

(d) Only the person whose name stands first in the register of members as one of the joint-holders of any share shall be entitled to the delivery of certificate, if any, relating to such share or to receive notice (which term shall be deemed to include all relevant documents) and any notice served on or sent to such person shall be deemed service on all the joint-holders.

Vote of joint-holders

(e)(i) Any one of two or more joint-holders may vote at any meeting either personally or by attorney or by proxy in respect of such shares as if he were solely entitled thereto and if more than one of such joint-holders be present at any meeting personally or by proxy or by attorney then that one of such persons so present whose name stands first or higher (as the case may be) on the register in respect of such shares shall alone be entitled to vote in respect thereof but the other or others of the joint-holders shall be entitled to vote in preference to a joint-holder present by attorney or by proxy although the name of such joint-holder present by any attorney or proxy stands first or higher (as the case may be) in the register in respect of such shares.

Executors or administrators as joint holders

(ii) Several executors or administrators of a deceased member in whose (deceased member) sole name any share stands, shall for the purpose of this clause be deemed joint-holders.

Provisions as to joint holders as to shares to apply mutatis mutandis to debentures, etc.

(f) The provisions of these Articles relating to joint holders of shares shall mutatis mutandis apply to any other securities including debentures of the Company registered in joint names.

CAPITALIZATION OF PROFITS

Capitalisation

71. (i) The Company in general meeting may, upon the recommendation of the Board, resolve—
- (a) that it is desirable to capitalize any part of the amount for the time being standing to the credit of any of the Company's reserve accounts, or to the credit of the profit and loss account, or otherwise available for distribution; and
 - (b) that such sum be accordingly set free for distribution in the manner specified in clause (ii) amongst the members who would have been entitled thereto, if distributed by way of dividend and in the same proportions.

Sum how applied

- (ii) The sum aforesaid shall not be paid in cash but shall be applied, subject to the provision contained in clause (iii), either in or towards—
- (A) paying up any amounts for the time being unpaid on any shares held by such members respectively;
 - (B) paying up in full, unissued shares of the Company to be allotted and distributed, credited as fully paid-up, to and amongst such members in the proportions aforesaid;
 - (C) partly in the way specified in sub-clause (A) and partly in that specified in sub-clause (B);
- (iii) A securities premium account and a capital redemption reserve account may, for the purposes of this regulation, be applied in the paying up of unissued shares to be issued to members of the Company as fully paid bonus shares;
- (iv) The Board shall give effect to the resolution passed by the Company in pursuance of this regulation.

Powers of the Board for capitalisation

72. (i) Whenever such a resolution as aforesaid shall have been passed, the Board shall—
- (a) make all appropriations and applications of the undivided profits resolved to be capitalized thereby, and all allotments and issues of fully paid shares if any; and

(b) generally, do all acts and things required to give effect thereto.

Board's power to issue fractional certificate/coupon etc.

(ii) The Board shall have power—

- (a) to make such provisions, by the issue of fractional certificates or by payment in cash or otherwise as it thinks fit, for the case of shares becoming distributable in fractions; and
- (b) to authorize any person to enter, on behalf of all the members entitled thereto, into an agreement with the Company providing for the allotment to them respectively, credited as fully paid-up, of any further shares to which they may be entitled upon such capitalization, or as the case may require, for the payment by the Company on their behalf, by the application thereto of their respective proportions of profits resolved to be capitalized, of the amount or any part of the amounts remaining unpaid on their existing shares;

Agreement binding on members

(iii) Any agreement made under such authority shall be effective and binding on such members.

BUY-BACK OF SHARES AND OTHER SPECIFIED SECURITIES

73. Notwithstanding anything contained in these articles but subject to all applicable provisions of the Act or any other law for the time being in force, the Company may purchase its own shares or other specified securities.

GENERAL MEETINGS

Extraordinary general meeting

74. All general meetings other than annual general meeting shall be called extraordinary general meeting.

Powers of Board to call extraordinary general meeting

75. The Board may, whenever it thinks fit, call an extraordinary general meeting.

PROCEEDINGS AT GENERAL MEETINGS

Presence of Quorum

- 76. (i) No business shall be transacted at any general meeting unless a quorum of members is present at the time when the meeting proceeds to business.
- (ii) Save as otherwise provided herein, the quorum for the general meetings shall be as provided in the Act.

Chairperson of the meetings

77. (i) The chairperson, if any, of the Board shall preside as Chairperson at every general meeting of the Company.

Business confined to election of Chairperson whilst chair vacant

(ii) No business shall be discussed or transacted at any general meeting except election of Chairperson whilst the chair is vacant.

Directors to elect a chairperson

78. If there is no such Chairperson, or if he is not present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, or is unwilling to act as chairperson of the meeting, the directors present shall elect one of their members to be Chairperson of the meeting.

Members to elect a chairperson

79. If at any meeting no director is willing to act as Chairperson or if no director is present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, the members present shall choose one of their members to be Chairperson of the meeting.

Casting vote at general meeting

80. On any business at any general meeting, in case of an equality of votes, whether on a show of hands or electronically or on a poll, the Chairperson shall not have a second or casting vote.

Minutes of proceedings of meetings and resolutions passed by Postal Ballot

81. (i) The Company shall cause minutes of the proceedings of every general meeting of any class of members or creditors and every resolution passed by postal ballot to be prepared and signed in such manner as may be prescribed by the Rules and kept by making within thirty days of the conclusion of every such meeting concerned or passing of resolution by postal ballot entries thereof in books kept for that purpose with their pages consecutively numbered.

Discretion of Chairperson in relation to Minutes

(ii) The Chairperson shall exercise an absolute discretion in regard to the inclusion or non-inclusion of any matter in the minutes on the grounds specified in the aforesaid clause.

Minutes to be evidence

(iii) The minutes of the meeting kept in accordance with the provisions of the Act shall be evidence of the proceedings recorded therein.

Inspection of Minute-books of general meeting

82. (i) The books containing the minutes of the proceedings of any general meeting of the Company or a resolution passed by postal ballot shall:

- (a) be kept at the registered office of the Company; and
- (b) be open to inspection of any member without charge, during 3.00 p.m. to 5.00 p.m. on all working days.

Members may obtain copy of minutes

(ii) Any member shall be entitled to be furnished, within the time prescribed by the Act, after he has made a request in writing in that behalf to the Company and on payment of such fees as may be fixed by the Board, with a copy of any minutes referred to in clause (i) above.

Powers to arrange security at meetings

83. The Board, and also any person(s) authorised by it, may take any action before the commencement of any general meeting, or any meeting of a class of members in the Company, which they may think fit to ensure the security of the meeting, the safety of people attending the meeting, and the future orderly conduct of the meeting. Any decision made in good faith under this Article shall be final, and rights to attend and participate in the meeting concerned shall be subject to such decision.

ADJOURNMENT OF MEETING

Chairperson may adjourn the meeting

84. (i) The Chairperson may, Suo moto, adjourn the meeting from time to time and from place to place.

Business at adjourned meeting

(ii) No business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business left unfinished at the meeting from which the adjournment took place.

Notice of adjourned meeting

(iii) When a meeting is adjourned for thirty days or more, notice of the adjourned meeting shall be given as in the case of an original meeting.

Notice of adjourned meeting not required

(iv) Save as aforesaid, and as provided in the Act, it shall not be necessary to give any notice of an adjournment or of the business to be transacted at an adjourned meeting.

VOTING RIGHTS

Entitlement to vote on show of hands and on poll

85. Subject to any rights or restrictions for the time being attached to any class or classes of shares, —

- (a) on a show of hands, every member present in person shall have one vote; and

(b) on a poll, the voting rights of members shall be in proportion to his share in the paid-up equity share capital of the Company.

Voting through electronic means

86. A member may exercise his vote at a meeting by electronic means in accordance with the Act and shall vote only once.

Vote of joint-holders

87. (i) In the case of joint holders, the vote of the senior who tenders a vote, whether in person or by proxy, shall be accepted to the exclusion of the votes of the other joint holders.

Seniority of names

(ii) For this purpose, seniority shall be determined by the order in which the names stand in the register of members.

How members non compos mentis and minor may vote

88. A member of unsound mind, or in respect of whom an order has been made by any court having jurisdiction in lunacy, may vote, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, by his committee or other legal guardian, and any such committee or guardian may, on a poll, vote by proxy. If any member be a minor, the vote in respect of his share(s) shall be by his guardian or any one of his guardians.

Votes in respect of shares of deceased or insolvent members etc.

89. Subject to the provisions of the Act and other provisions of these Articles, any person entitled under the Transmission Clause to any shares may vote at any general meeting in respect thereof as if he was the registered holder of such shares, provided that at least 48 (forty eight) hours before the time of holding the meeting or adjourned meeting, as the case may be, at which he proposes to vote, he shall duly satisfy the Board of his right to such shares unless the Board shall have previously admitted his right to vote at such meeting in respect thereof.

Business may proceed pending poll

90. Any business other than that upon which a poll has been demanded may be preceded with, pending the taking of the poll.

Restriction on voting rights

91. No member shall be entitled to vote at any general meeting unless all calls or other sums presently payable by him in respect of shares in the Company have been paid or in regard to which the Company has exercised the right of lien. No objection shall be raised to the qualification of any voter except at the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the vote objected to is given or tendered, and every vote not disallowed at such meeting shall be valid for all purposes. Any such objection made in due time shall be referred to the Chairperson of the meeting, whose decision shall be final and conclusive.

Equal rights of members

92. Any member whose name is entered in the register of members of the Company shall enjoy the same rights and be subject to the same liabilities as all other members of the same class.

Restriction on objecting qualification of any voter

93. (i) No objection shall be raised to the qualification of any voter except at the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the vote objected to is given or tendered, and every vote not disallowed at such meeting shall be valid for all purposes.
(ii) Any such objection made in due time shall be referred to the Chairperson of the meeting, whose decision shall be final and conclusive.

PROXY

Proxies when to be deposited

94. The instrument appointing a proxy and the power-of-attorney or other authority, if any, under which it is signed or a notarized copy of that power or authority, shall be deposited at the registered office of the Company not less than 48 hours before the time for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the person named in the instrument proposes to vote, or, in the case of a poll, not less than 24 hours before

the time appointed for the taking of the poll; and in default the instrument of proxy shall not be treated as valid.

Form of proxy

95. An instrument appointing a proxy shall be in the form as prescribed in the rules made under the Act. Proxy to be valid notwithstanding death of the principal
96. A vote given in accordance with the terms of an instrument of proxy shall be valid, notwithstanding the previous death or insanity of the principal or the revocation of the proxy or of the authority under which the proxy was executed, or the transfer of the shares in respect of which the proxy is given.

Provided that no intimation in writing of such death, insanity, revocation or transfer shall have been received by the Company at its office before the commencement of the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the proxy is used.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Present Directors

97. The Director of the Company at the same time, be appointed as the Chairperson of the Company as well as the Managing Director or Chief Executive Officer of the Company.

Number of Directors

98. Unless otherwise determined in a general meeting of the Company and subject to the provisions of the Act and other applicable rules, the number of Directors of the Company shall not be less than 3 and not more than 15, atleast two thirds of whom shall be liable to retire by rotation.

Appointment of Chairperson and Vice-chairperson

99. The Directors may from time to time elect one of their number to be chairperson and vice-chairperson of the Board of Directors and determine the period for which they are to hold office. If at any meeting of the Board of Directors, the Chairperson is not present at the time appointed for holding the same, the Vice-chairperson shall preside and failing him the Directors present shall choose one of their number to be Chairperson of such meeting.

Appointment of Managing Director and/or Whole-time Director

100. Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Company shall be entitled from time to time to appoint and/or employ any Director of the Company as Managing Director or Managing Directors and/or Whole time Director or Whole Time Directors and/or as head of any department of the Company and/or in any other capacity and for such period and on such remuneration as may be decided upon and the Board of Directors shall from time to time confer upon such appointee such powers as they may think fit and from time to time to revoke and/or modify the same and to suspend and/or remove such appointee.

Remuneration of directors

101. The remuneration of the directors shall, in so far as it consists of a monthly payment, be deemed to accrue from day-to-day.

Remuneration to require members' consent

102. (i) The remuneration payable to the directors, including any managing or whole - time director or manager, if any, shall be determined in accordance with and subject to the provisions of the Act by an ordinary resolution passed by the Company in general meeting or in the manner elsewhere provided in this Articles of Association.

Travelling and other expenses

(ii) In addition to the remuneration payable to them in pursuance of the Act, the directors may be paid all travelling, hotel and other expenses properly incurred by them—

- (a) in attending and returning from meetings of the Board of Directors or any committee thereof or general meetings of the Company; or
- (b) in connection with the business of the Company.

Sitting Fee

103. Every Director shall be paid out of the funds of the Company such sum as the Directors may from time to time determine for attending every meeting of the board or any committee of the Board, subject to the ceiling prescribed under the Act. The Directors shall also be paid travelling and other expenses for attending and returning from meeting of the Board and any other expenses properly incurred by them in connection with the business of the Company.

Nominee Director

104. Subject to the provisions of the Act and to these Articles, whenever the Directors enter into a contract with any Government, Central, State or Local, any Bank/s or Financial Institution/s or any person/s [hereinafter referred to as "the Appointer"] for borrowing any money or for providing any guarantee or security for any technical or financial collaboration or assistance or for entering into any other arrangement on behalf of the Company, whatsoever, the Directors shall have the power to agree that such appointer shall have the right to appoint or nominate by a notice in writing addressed to the Company one or more Directors on the Board for such period and upon such terms and conditions as may be mentioned in the agreement and that such Director or Directors may not be liable to retire by rotation nor be required to hold any qualification shares. The Directors of Company may also agree that such Director may be removed from time to time by the appointer and the appointer may appoint another or others in his or their place and also fill in any vacancy, which may occur as a result of any such Director or Directors ceasing to hold that office for any reason whatsoever.

Debenture Directors

105. Any trust deed for securing debentures or debenture stock may if so, arranged provide for the appointment

from time to time by the trustees thereof or by the holders of the debenture stock, of one or more persons to be the director (s) of the Company or may empower such trustees or holders of debentures or debenture stock from time to time to remove any such director (s) so appointed. A director appointed under this Article is hereby referred to as a "Debenture Director" and the terms "Debenture Director" means a director for the time being in office under this Article. A debenture director shall not be bound to hold any qualification shares and shall not be liable to retire by rotation or be removed by the Company. The Trust Deed may contain that ancillary provisions as may be arranged between the Company and the Trustees and all such provisions shall have effect notwithstanding any of the other powers herein contained.

Limit on number of non-rotational Directors

106. The provisions of Articles are subject to the provisions of the Act and the number of such Directors appointed under Articles excluding the Directors appointed by financial institutions for which special provisions have been made in the respective laws relating to such institutions shall not exceed in the aggregate one third of the total number of Directors for the time being in office. The remaining Directors shall be appointed by the Company in General Meeting.

Execution of negotiable instruments

107. All cheques, promissory notes, drafts, hundis, bills of exchange and other negotiable instruments, and all receipts for monies paid to the Company, shall be signed, drawn, accepted, endorsed, or otherwise executed, as the case may be, by such person and in such manner as the Board shall from time to time by resolution determine.

Special remuneration to Directors

108. If any Director being willing, shall be called upon to perform extra services which expression shall include work done by the Director as a member of any committee formed by the Directors or to make any special exertions in going or residing abroad or otherwise for any of the purposes of the Company, the Board may resolve to remunerate such Director either by a fixed sum or by a percentage of profit or otherwise as may be determined by the Directors and such remuneration may be in addition to the remuneration above provided.

Appointment of Additional Director

109. (i) Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Board shall have power at any time and from time to time, to appoint a person as an additional director, provided the number of the directors and additional directors together shall not at any time exceed the maximum strength fixed for the Board by the articles.

Duration of office of Additional Director

(ii) Such person shall hold office only up to the date of the next annual general meeting of the Company but shall be eligible for appointment by the Company as a director at that meeting subject to the provisions of the Act.

Appointment of Alternate Director

110. (i) The Board may appoint an alternate director to act for a director (hereinafter in this Article called "the Original Director") during his absence for a period of not less than three months from India. No person shall be appointed as an alternate director for an independent director unless he is qualified to be appointed as an independent director under the provisions of the Act.

Duration of office of Alternate Director

(ii) An alternate director shall not hold office for a period longer than that permissible to the Original Director in whose place he has been appointed and shall vacate the office if and when the Original Director returns to India.

Re-appointment provisions applicable to Original Director

(iii) If the term of office of the Original Director is determined before he returns to India the automatic reappointment of retiring directors in default of another appointment shall apply to the Original Director and not to the alternate director.

Appointment of director to fill a casual vacancy

111. (i) If the office of any director appointed by the Company in general meeting is vacated before his term of office expires in the normal course, the resulting casual vacancy may, be filled by the Board of Directors at a meeting of the Board.

Duration of office of Director appointed to fill casual vacancy

(ii) The director so appointed shall hold office only upto the date upto which the director in whose place he is appointed would have held office if it had not been vacated.

POWERS OF BOARD

General powers of the Company vested in Board

112. Without prejudice to the specific powers conferred upon the Board by the provisions of the Act and Rules made thereunder and these Articles, the management of the business of the Company shall be vested in the Board and the Board may exercise all such powers, and do all such acts and things, as the Company is by the memorandum of association or otherwise authorized to exercise and do, and not hereby or by the statute or otherwise directed or required to be exercised or done by the Company in general meeting but subject nevertheless to the provisions of the Act and other laws and of the memorandum of association and these Articles and to any regulations, not being inconsistent with the memorandum of association and these Articles or the Act, from time to time made by the Company in general meeting provided that no such regulation shall invalidate any prior act of the Board which would have been valid if such regulation had not been made.

Power and duties of Managing Director

113. Subject to the superintendence, control and direction of the Board, the day-to-day management of the Company shall be in the hands of the managing director(s). The Board may from time to time entrust to and confer upon the managing director(s) for the time being, save as hereafter in this Article provided, such of the powers exercisable under these presents by the Board as they may think fit, and may confer such powers for such time, and to be exercised for such objects and purposes, and upon such terms and conditions, and with such restrictions as they think expedient, and they may subject to the provisions of the Act and these presents confer such powers, either collaterally with or to the exclusion of, and in substitution for, all or any of the powers of the Board in that behalf; and may from time to time revoke, withdraw, alter or vary all or any of such powers. Provided however that the Board shall not entrust to and confer upon the managing director(s) and the managing director(s) shall not have or be entitled to

exercise the power (1) to make calls upon the members of the Company in respect of moneys unpaid on the shares held by them respectively, (2) to borrow any sum or sums of money for the purposes of the Company or to make loans out of the funds of the Company except within such limits as may from time to time be previously fixed by the Board or (3) to invest any of the moneys of the Company, beyond the limits fixed by the Board.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE BOARD

When meeting to be convened

114. (i) The Board of Directors may meet for the conduct of business, adjourn and otherwise regulate its meetings, as it thinks fit.
- (ii) The Chairperson or any one Director with the previous consent of the Chairperson may, or the Company secretary on the direction of the Chairperson shall, at any time, summon a meeting of the Board

Participation at Board Meetings

(iii) The participation of directors in a meeting of the Board may be either in person or through video conferencing or audio-visual means or teleconferencing, as may be prescribed by the Rules or permitted under law.

Questions at Board meeting how decided

115. (i) Save as otherwise expressly provided in the Act, questions arising at any meeting of the Board shall be decided by a majority of votes.

Casting vote at Board meeting

(ii) In case of an equality of votes, the Chairperson of the Board, if any, shall not have a second or casting vote.

Directors not to act when number falls below minimum

116. The continuing directors may act notwithstanding any vacancy in the Board; but, if and so long as their number is reduced below the quorum fixed by the Act for a meeting of the Board, the continuing directors or director may act for the purpose of increasing the number of directors to that fixed for the quorum, or of summoning a general meeting of the Company, but for no other purpose.

Who to preside at meetings of the Board

117. (i) The Chairperson of the Company shall be the Chairperson at meetings of the Board.

Directors to elect a chairperson

(ii) If no such Chairperson is elected, or if at any meeting the Chairperson is not present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, the directors present may choose one of their number to be Chairperson of the meeting.

Delegation of powers to Committee

118. (i) The Board may, subject to the provisions (i) of the Act, also delegate any of its powers to committees consisting of such member or members of its body as it thinks fit.
- (ii) Any committee so formed shall, in the exercise of the powers so delegated, conform to any regulations that may be imposed on it by the Board.

Chairperson of Committee

119. (i) A committee may elect a chairperson of its meetings. **Who to preside at meetings of Committee**
- (ii) If no such Chairperson is elected, or if at any meeting the Chairperson is not present within five minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, the members present may choose one of their members to be Chairperson of the meeting.

Committee to meet

120. (i) A committee may meet and adjourn as it thinks fit. **Questions at Committee meeting how decided**
- (ii) Questions arising at any meeting of a committee shall be determined by a majority of votes of the members present, and in case of an equality of votes, the Chairperson shall have a second or casting vote.

Casting vote of Chairperson at Committee meeting

(iii) In case of an equality of votes, the Chairperson of the Committee shall have a second or casting vote.

Acts of Board or Committee valid notwithstanding defect of appointment

121. All acts done in any meeting of the Board or of a committee thereof or by any person acting as a director, shall, notwithstanding that it may be afterwards discovered that there was some defect in the appointment of any one or more of such directors or of any person acting as aforesaid, or that they or any of them were disqualified, be as valid as if every such director or such person had been duly appointed and was qualified to be a director.

Passing of resolution by written consent

122. Save as otherwise expressly provided in the Act, a resolution in writing, signed by all the members of the Board or of a committee thereof, for the time being entitled to receive notice of a meeting of the Board or committee, shall be valid and effective as if it had been passed at a meeting of the Board or committee, duly convened and held.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER, MANAGER, COMPANY SECRETARY OR CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

123. Subject to the provisions of the Act, — Chief Executive Officer, etc.

(i) A chief executive officer, manager, Company secretary or chief financial officer may be appointed by the Board for such term, at such remuneration and upon such conditions as it may think fit; and any chief executive officer, manager, Company secretary or chief financial officer so appointed may be removed by means of a resolution of the Board;

Director may be Chief Executive Officer, etc.

(ii) A director may be appointed as chief executive officer, manager, Company secretary or chief financial officer.

Dual position of Director

124. A provision of the Act or these regulations requiring or authorizing a thing to be done by or to a director and chief executive officer, manager, Company secretary or chief financial officer shall not be satisfied by its being done by or to the same person acting both as director and as, or in place of, chief executive officer, manager, Company secretary or chief financial officer.

CONSULTANTS AND ADVISORS

Company may appoint consultants and/or advisors

125. The Company may, subject to the provisions of the Act and these presents appoint any body corporate, firm or individual as its consultant(s) and/or advisor(s) on technical, financial and management matters, on such terms and conditions and on such remuneration as the Board may deem fit.

REGISTERS AND RECORDS

Statutory Registers and Records

126. Subject to the provisions of the Act and Rules made there under, the Company shall keep and maintain at its registered office all statutory registers and records for such duration as the Board may, unless otherwise prescribed, decide, and in such manner and containing such particulars as prescribed by the Act and the Rules. The registers and records shall be open for inspection (wherever permissible) during 3.00 p.m. to 5.00 p.m. on all working days at the registered office of the Company by the persons entitled thereto on payment, where required, of such fees as may be fixed by the Board but not exceeding the limits prescribed by the Act and the Rules. The fees for obtaining extracts of the registers and records (wherever permissible) shall be also fixed by the Board but not exceeding the limits prescribed by the Act and the Rules.

Foreign Register

127. (i) The Company may exercise the powers conferred on it by the Act with regard to the keeping of a foreign register; and the Board may (subject to the provisions of the Act) make and vary such regulations as it may think fit respecting the keeping of any such register.

(ii) The foreign register shall be open for inspection and may be closed, and extracts may be taken therefrom and copies thereof may be required, in the same manner, mutatis mutandis, as is applicable to the register of members.

THE SEAL

The seal, its custody and use

128. (i) The Board shall provide for the safe custody of the seal, if any.

Affixation of seal

(ii) The seal, if any, of the Company shall not be affixed to any instrument except by the authority of a resolution of the Board or of a committee of the Board authorized by it in that behalf, and except in the presence of one director at least who shall sign every instrument to which the Seal is affixed in his presence and countersigned by the Secretary or such other person as the Board may appoint for the purpose and such director or the secretary or other person aforesaid shall sign every instrument to which the seal of the Company is so affixed in their presence.

DIVIDENDS AND RESERVE

Company in general meeting may declare dividends

129. The Company in general meeting may declare dividends, but no dividend shall exceed the amount recommended by the Board.

Interim dividends

130. Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Board may from time to time pay to the members such interim dividends as appear to it to be justified by the profits of the Company.

Dividends only to be paid out of profits

131. The Board may, before recommending any dividend, set aside out of the profits of the Company such sums as it thinks fit as a reserve or reserves which shall, at the discretion of the Board, be applicable for any purpose to which the profits of the Company may be properly applied, including provision for meeting contingencies or for equalizing dividends; and pending such application, may, at the like discretion, either be employed in the business of the Company or be invested in such investments (other than shares of the Company) as the Board may, from time to time, think fit.

Carry forward of profits

(ii) The Board may also carry forward any profits which it may consider necessary not to divide, without setting them aside as a reserve.

Division of profits

132. (i) Subject to the rights of persons, if any, entitled to shares with special rights as to dividends, all dividends shall be declared and paid according to the amounts paid or credited as paid on the shares in respect whereof the dividend is paid, but if and so long as nothing is paid upon any of the shares in the Company, dividends may be declared and paid according to the amounts of the shares.

Payments in advance

(ii) No amount paid or credited as paid on a share in advance of calls shall be treated for the purposes of this Article as paid on the share.

Dividends to be apportioned

(iii) All dividends shall be apportioned and paid proportionately to the amounts paid or credited as paid on the shares during any portion or portions of the period in respect of which the dividend is paid; but if any share is issued on terms providing that it shall rank for dividend as from a particular date such share shall rank for dividend accordingly.

No member to receive dividend whilst indebted to the Company and Company's right to reimbursement there from

133. The Board may deduct from any dividend payable to any member all sums of money, if any, presently payable by him to the Company on account of calls or otherwise in relation to the shares of the Company.

Retention of dividends

134. The Board may retain dividends payable upon shares in respect of which any person is, under the Transmission Clause hereinbefore contained, entitled to become a member, until such person shall become a member in respect of such shares.

Dividend how remitted

135. (i) Any dividend, interest or other monies payable in cash in respect of shares may be paid by cheque or warrant sent through the post directed to the registered address of the holder or, in the case of joint holders, to the registered address of that one of the joint holders who is first named on the register of members, or to such person and to such address as the holder or joint holders may in writing direct.

Instrument of payment

(ii) Every such cheque or warrant shall be made payable to the order of the person to whom it is sent.

Discharge to Company

(iii) Payment in any way whatsoever shall be made at the risk of the person entitled to the money paid or to be paid. The Company will not be responsible for a payment which is lost or delayed. The Company will be deemed to having made a payment and received a good discharge for it if a payment using any of the foregoing permissible means is made.

Receipt of one holder sufficient

136. Any one of two or more joint holders of a share may give effective receipts for any dividends, bonuses or other monies payable in respect of such share.

Notice of any dividend that may have been declared shall be given to the persons entitled to share therein in the manner mentioned in the Act.

No interest on dividends

137. No dividend shall bear interest against the Company.

Waiver of dividends

138. Notwithstanding anything contained in this Articles of the Company, but subject to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and all other applicable rules of the statutory authorities and the Rules framed by the Board of Directors of the Company in this behalf as amended from time to time by the Board, it shall be open for the Members of the Company who hold the Equity shares in the Company to waive/forgo his/her/their right to receive the dividend (interim or final) by him/her/them for any financial year which may be declared or recommended respectively by the Board of Directors of the Company. The waiver/forgoing by the Members, his/her/their right to receive the dividend (interim or final) by him/her/them under this Article shall be irrevocable immediately after the record date/book closure date fixed for determining the names of Members entitled for dividend. The Company shall not be entitled to declare or pay and shall not declare or pay dividend on equity shares to such Members who have waived/forgone his/her/their right to receive the dividend (interim or final) by him/her/them under this Article.

The Company in General Meeting may declare dividends to be paid to the Members other than the Members who have waived/forgone their right of receiving any Dividend (including any interim dividend), declared / to be declared by the Company for Financial Year, in accordance with Rules framed by the Board and amended from time to time, to be paid to members according to their respective rights and interests in the profits and may fix the time for payment and the Company shall comply with the provisions of Section 127 of the Act, but no dividends shall exceed the amount recommended by the Board of Directors, but the Company may declare a smaller dividend in general meeting.

Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Directors may, from time to time, pay to the Members other than the Members who have waived/foregone their right of receiving any dividend declared / to be declared

by the Company for any financial year, in accordance with Rules framed by the Board and amended from time to time, such interim dividends as in their judgment the position of the Company justifies.

ACCOUNTS

Inspection by Directors

139. (i) The Board shall from time to time determine whether and to what extent and at

What times and places and under what conditions or regulations, the accounts and books of the Company, or any of them, shall be open to the inspection of members not being directors.

Restriction on inspection by members

(ii) No member (not being a director) shall have any right of inspecting any account or book or document of the Company except as conferred by law or authorized by the Board or by the Company in general meeting.

WINDING UP

Winding up of Company

140. Subject to the provisions of the Act and rules made there under—

(i) If the Company shall be wound up, the liquidator may, with the sanction of a special resolution of the Company and any other sanction required by the Act, divide amongst the members, in specie or kind, the whole or any part of the assets of the Company, whether they shall consist of property of the same kind or not.

(ii) For the purpose aforesaid, the liquidator may set such value as he deems fair upon any property to be divided as aforesaid and may determine how such division shall be carried out as between the members or different classes of members.

(iii) The liquidator may, with the like sanction, vest the whole or any part of such assets in trustees upon such trusts for the benefit of the contributories if he considers necessary, but so that no member shall be compelled to accept any shares or other securities whereon there is any liability.

INDEMNITY AND INSURANCE

Directors and Officers right to indemnity

141. (i) Subject to the provisions of the Act, every director, managing director, whole time director, manager, Company secretary and other officer of the Company shall be indemnified by the Company out of the funds of the Company, to pay all costs, losses and expenses (including travelling expense) which such director, manager, Company secretary and officer may incur or become liable for by reason of any contract entered into or act or deed done by him in his capacity as such director, manager, Company secretary or officer or in any way in the discharge of his duties in such capacity including expenses.

(ii) Subject as aforesaid, every director, managing director, manager, Company secretary or other officer of the Company shall be indemnified against any liability incurred by him in defending any proceedings, whether civil or criminal in which judgment is given in his favour or in which he is acquitted or discharged or in connection with any application under applicable provisions of the Act in which relief is given to him by the Court.

Insurance

142. The Company may take and maintain any insurance as the Board may think fit on behalf of its present and/or former directors and key managerial personnel for indemnifying all or any of them against any liability for any acts in relation to the Company for which they may be liable but have acted honestly and reasonably.

SECURITY CLAUSE

143. (i) Subject to the provisions of Companies Act, 2013 no member shall be entitled to visit or inspect any work of the Company without the permission of the Directors, Managing Directors or Secretary or any discovery of any information or any detail of the Company's business or any other matter, which is or may be in the nature of a trade secret, mystery of secret process or which may relate to the conduct of the business of the Company and which in the opinion of the Directors or the Managing Director will be inexpedient in the collective interests of the members of the Company to communicate to the public or any member.

(ii) Every Director, manager, secretary, auditor, trustee, member of committee, officer, servant, agent, accountant or other person employed in the business of the Company will be upon entering his duties pledging himself not to reveal any of the matters which may come to his knowledge in the discharge of his duties except when required so to do by the Directors or by any meeting or by a court of law and except so far as may be necessary in order to comply with any of the provisions in these presents contained.

Note: The Articles shall be signed by each subscriber of the Articles of Association who shall add his address, description and occupation, if any, in the presence of at least one witness who shall attest the signature and shall likewise add his address, description and occupation, if any, and such signatures shall be in form specified below:

Name, address, description & occupation of each Subscriber	No. of equity shares taken by each Subscriber	Signature of Subscriber	Signature of witness and his name, address, description and occupation
Maneklal Savani S/o. Vadilal Savani 210, Main Road, "Jayalaxmi" Sion (E), Bombay - 400 022. Occupation: Business.	1 (One)	Sd/-	<p style="text-align: center;">Sd/- HASHMUKH KAMDAR S/. Hirachandbhai Kamdar 201, Anant Deep Chambers, Narsi Natha Street, Bombay - 400 009 Chartered Accountant</p>
Rasiklal Savani S/o. Vadilal Savani 210, "Jayalaxmi" Sion (E), Bombay - 400 022. Occupation: Business.	1 (One)	Sd/-	
Jigish Savani S/o. Vadilal Savani 210, "Jayalaxmi" Sion (E), Bombay - 400 022. Occupation: Business.	1 (One)	Sd/-	
Hinish Savani S/o. Vadilal Savani 210, "Jayalaxmi" Sion (E), Bombay - 400 022. Occupation: Business.	1 (One)	Sd/-	
Lalitaben Savani W/o. Rasiklal Savani 210, "Jayalaxmi" Sion (E), Bombay - 400 022. Occupation: Business.	1 (One)	Sd/-	
Hina Shah W/o. Chandrakant Shah 63, Milan, Tardeo Road, Bombay - 400 034. Occupation: Housewife	1 (O)	Sd/-	
Shantaben Savani S/o. Maneklal Savani 210, "Jayalaxmi" Sion (E), Bombay - 400 022. Occupation: Housewife	1 (One)	Sd/-	
TOTAL	7 (Seven)		